

Optical Tests of a Large Number of Small COTS Cubes

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Motivation

- The number of required corner cubes for a satellite mission can easily become a cost driver, e.g. in case the required number is high.
- Custom-made corner cubes with defined dihedral angular offsets will likely meet the specifications but are expensive.
- COTS („commercial off-the-shelf“) with no specified dihedral offset angles cubes are offered at a reasonable price.

BUT:

Will there optical properties meet the specifications of SLR for a given mission?

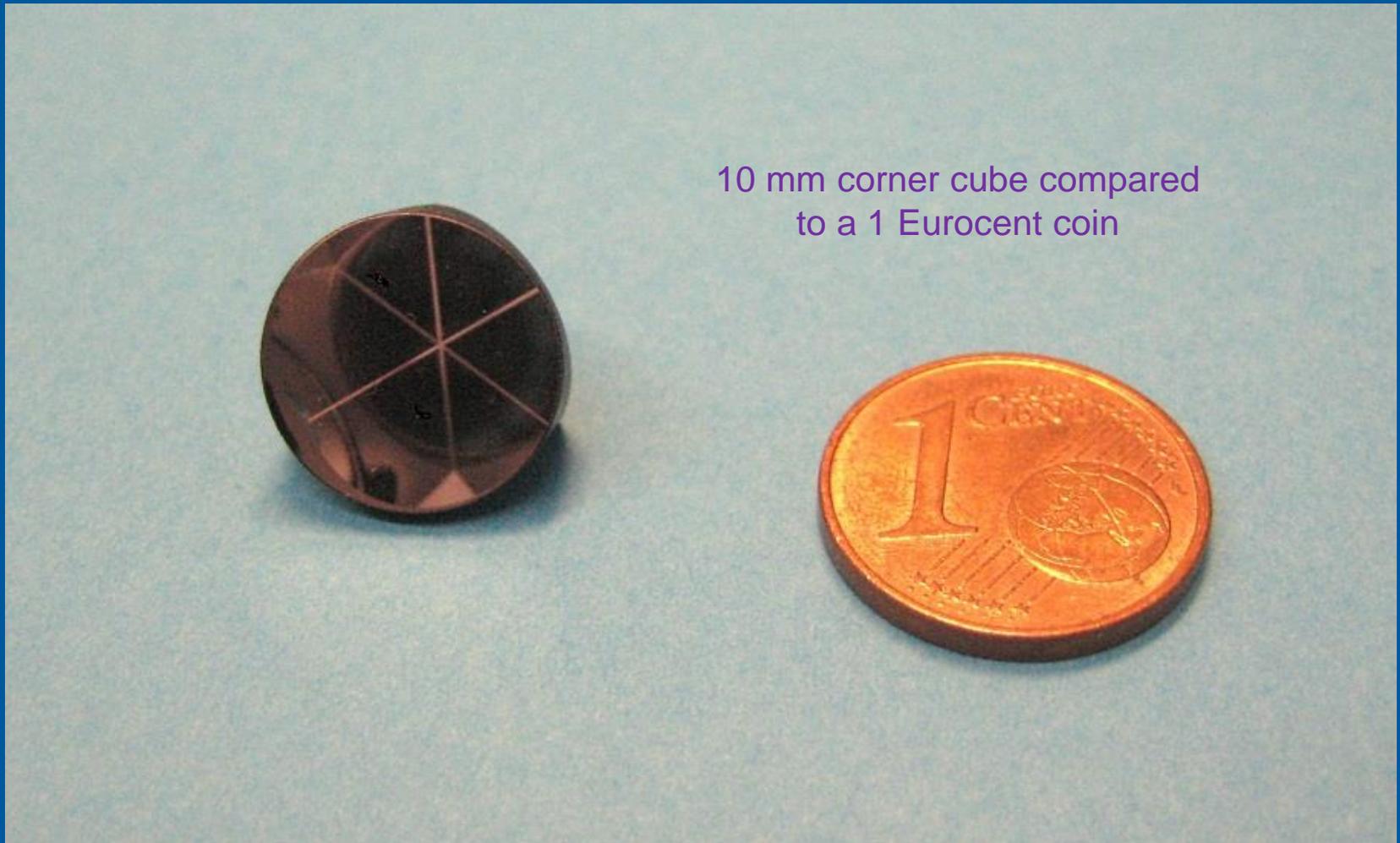
Opportunity:

The Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics purchased 95 cubes (10 mm aperture, backside coated) for use in nanosatellite projects from *Changchun Hengrun Optoelectronics Tech Co Ltd*. For 31 of them there are ZYGO data available!



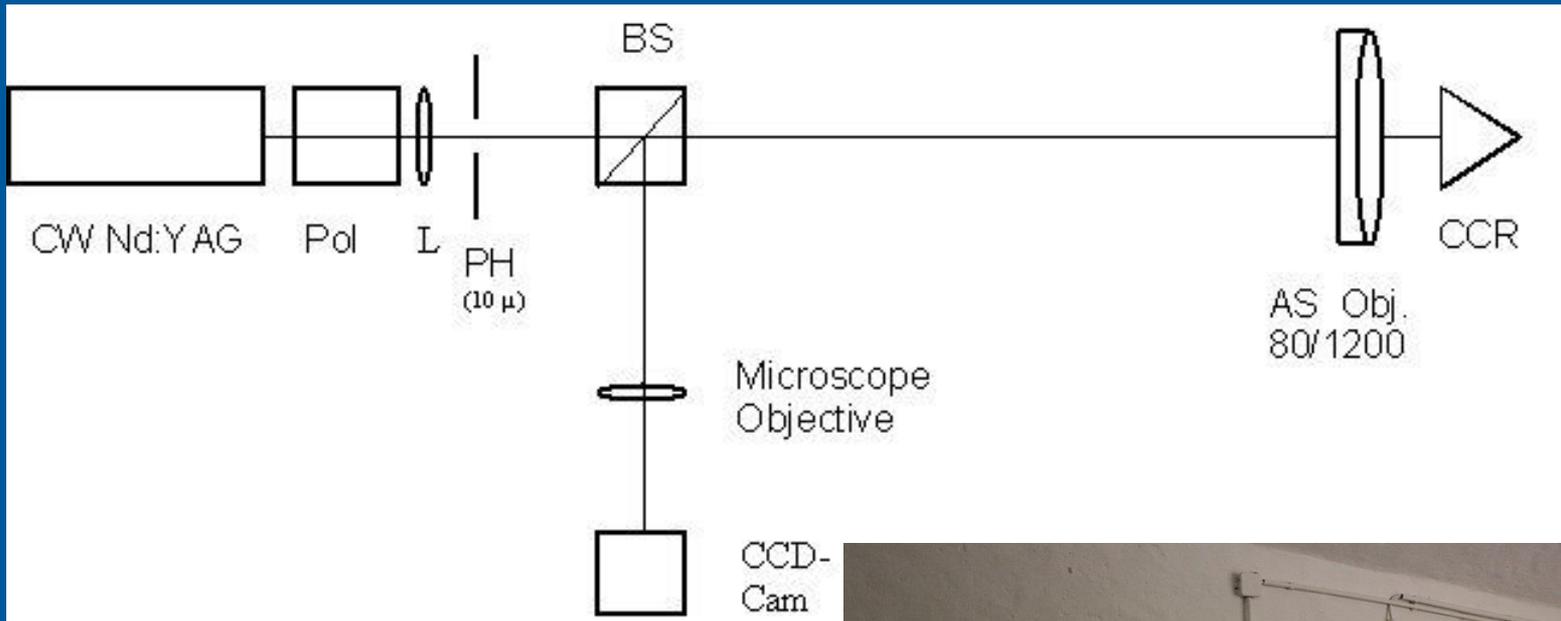
JUST TRY!

Which type of cubes we are speaking about?

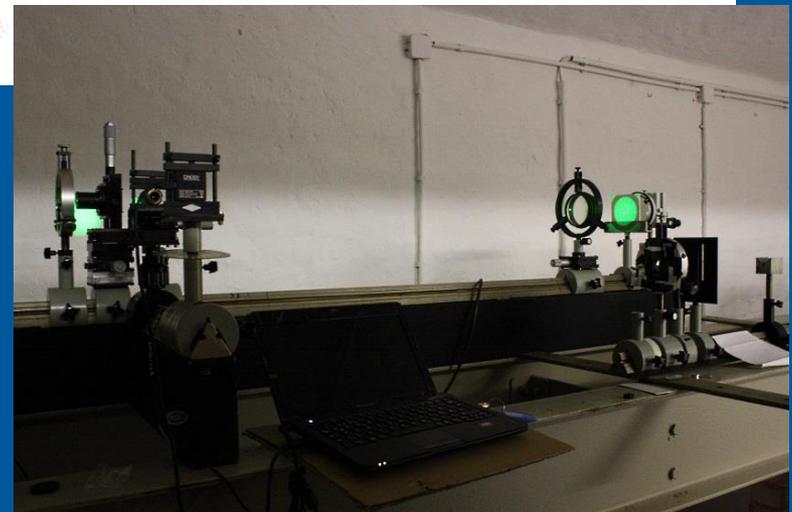


10 mm corner cube compared
to a 1 Eurocent coin

How to record the Far Field Diffraction Pattern?



Experimental setup for FFDP recording



The concept of a „reference flat“

The cross section at the center of the diffraction pattern of a circular aperture equals

$$c = 4\pi \left(\frac{A}{\lambda} \right)^2 = \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{\pi \cdot D^2}{\lambda} \right)^2$$

The ratio of the cube intensity at some point in the pattern to the intensity at the center of the pattern of the optical flat gives a measure of the cross section of the cube.

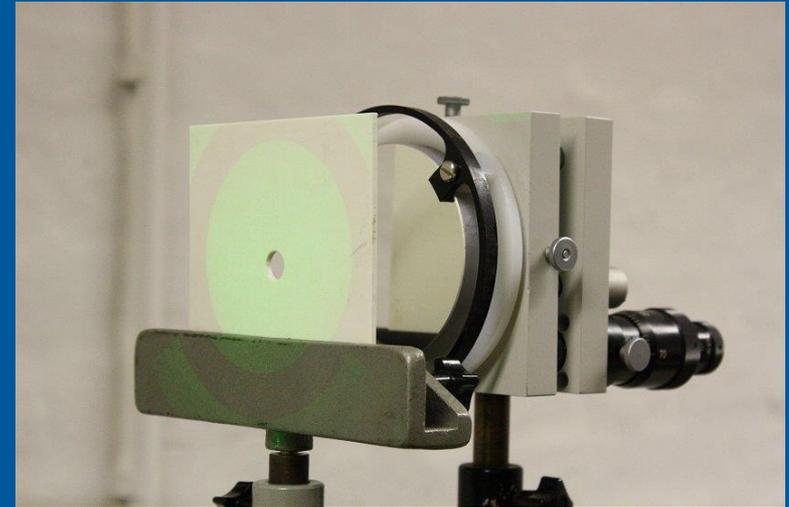
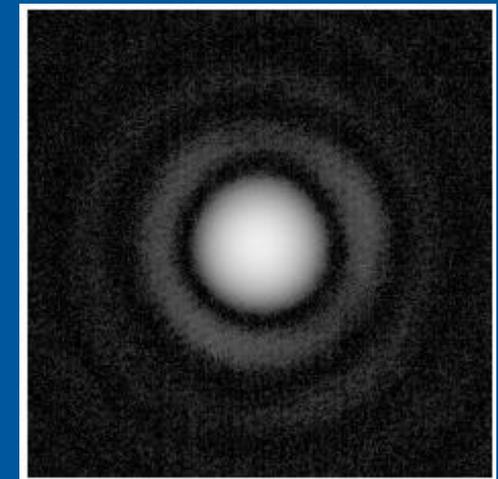
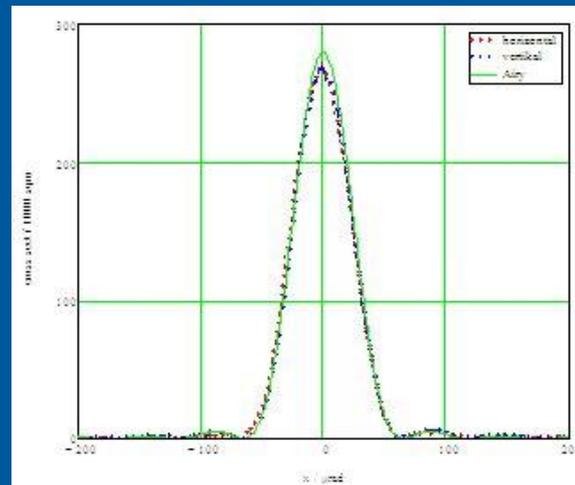
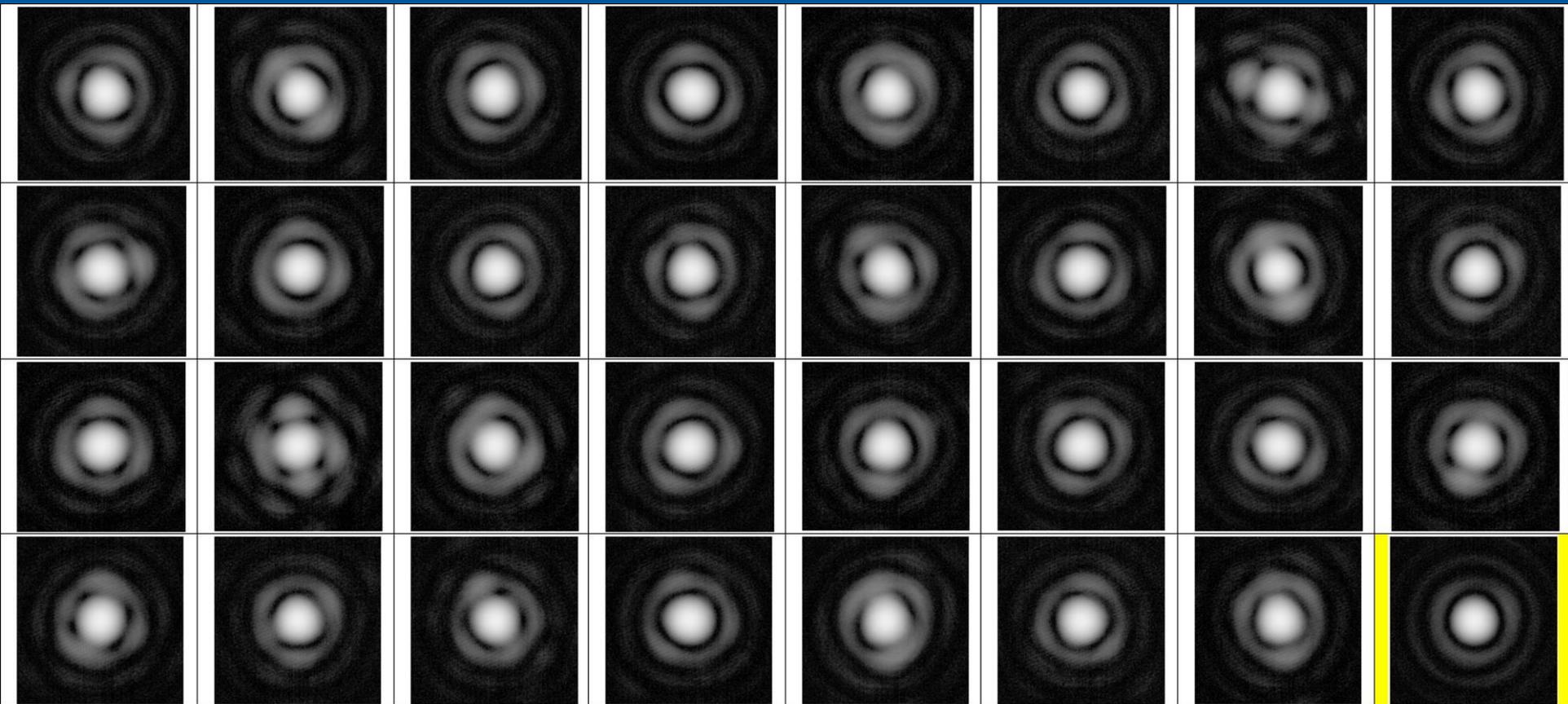


Image processing:

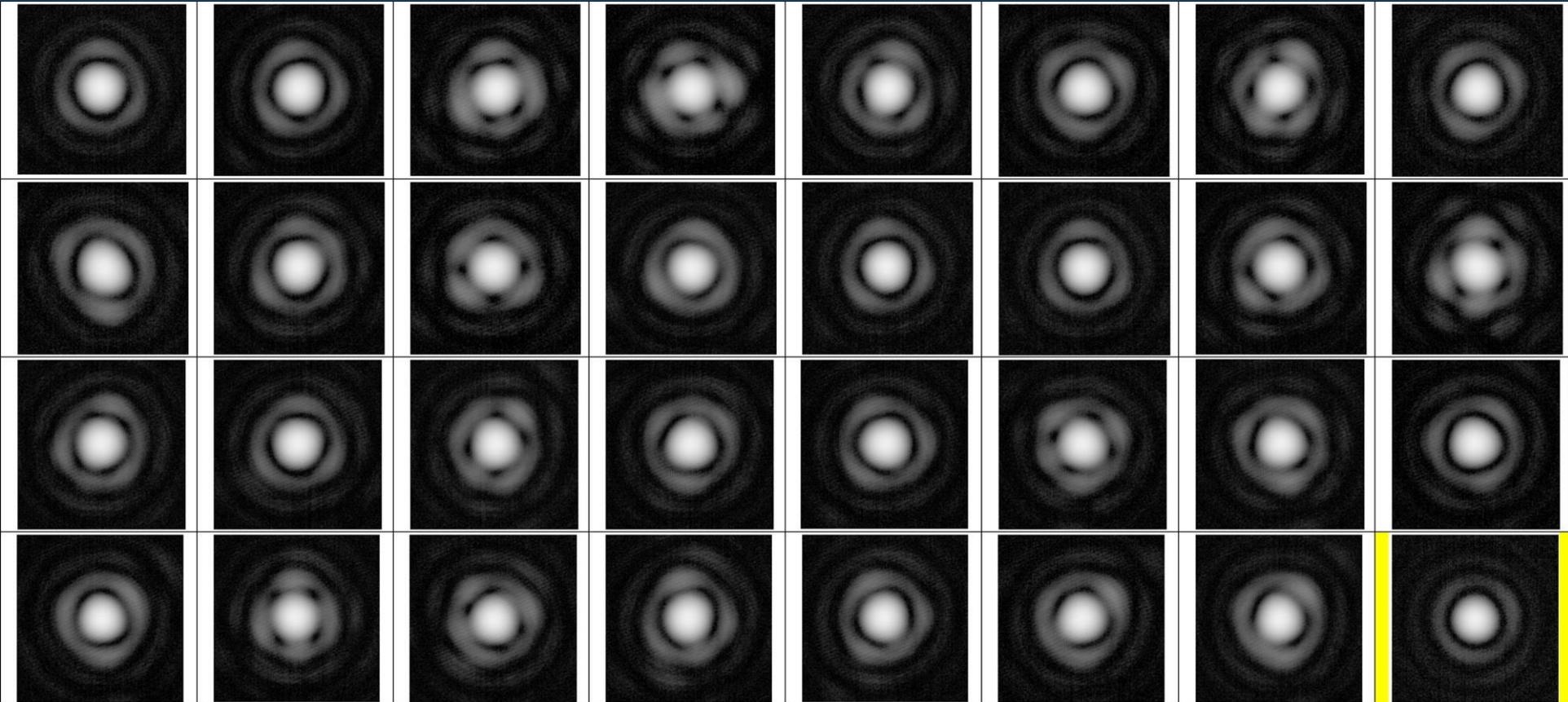
- Record the FFDP of the cube or the reference flat as BMP image.
- Assume the sum of all intensities of Airy function and measurement to be equal (Normation).
- Plot this distribution.



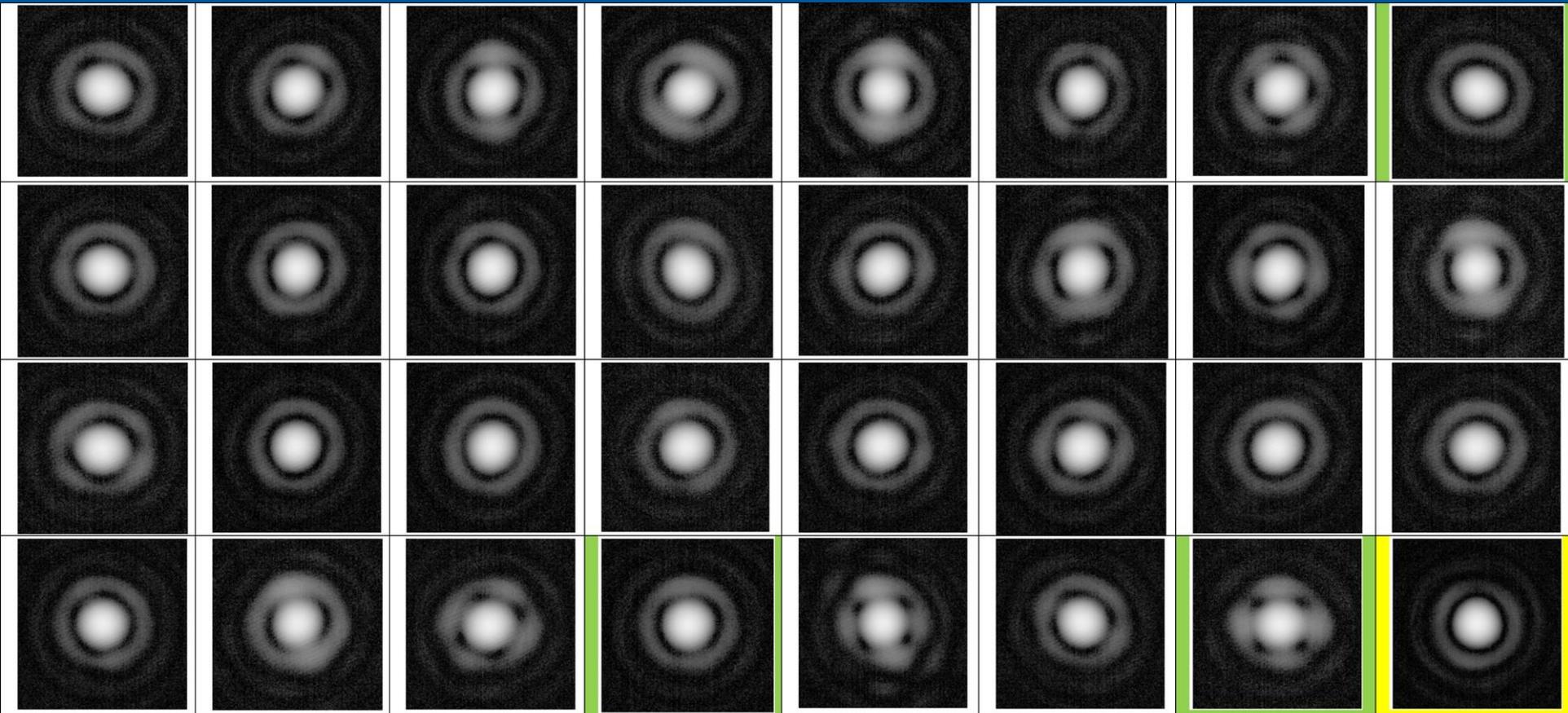
FFDPs Cubes No. 01 - 31



FFDPs Cubes No. 32 - 62

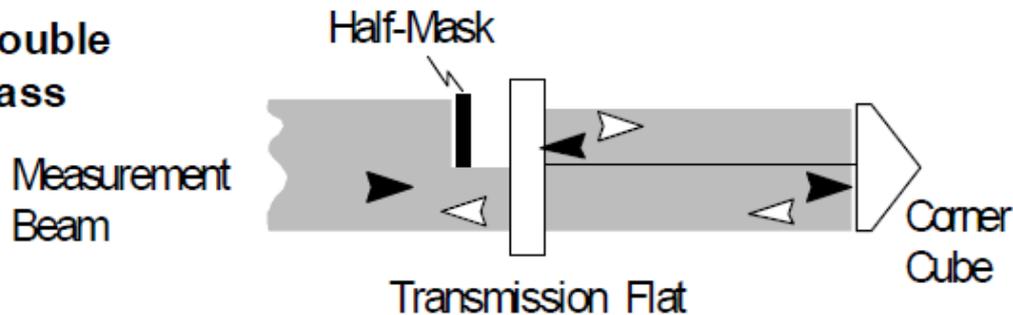


FFDPs Cubes No. 63 - 95



ZYGO Interferometer – Single and Double Pass Technique

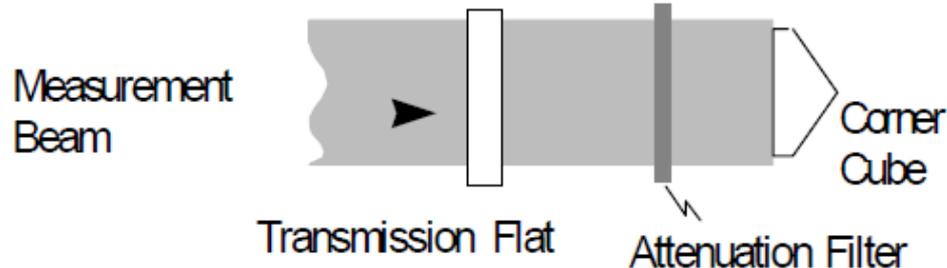
Double Pass



➤ **First Pass** - Half of measurement beam is retroreflected back to transmission flat.

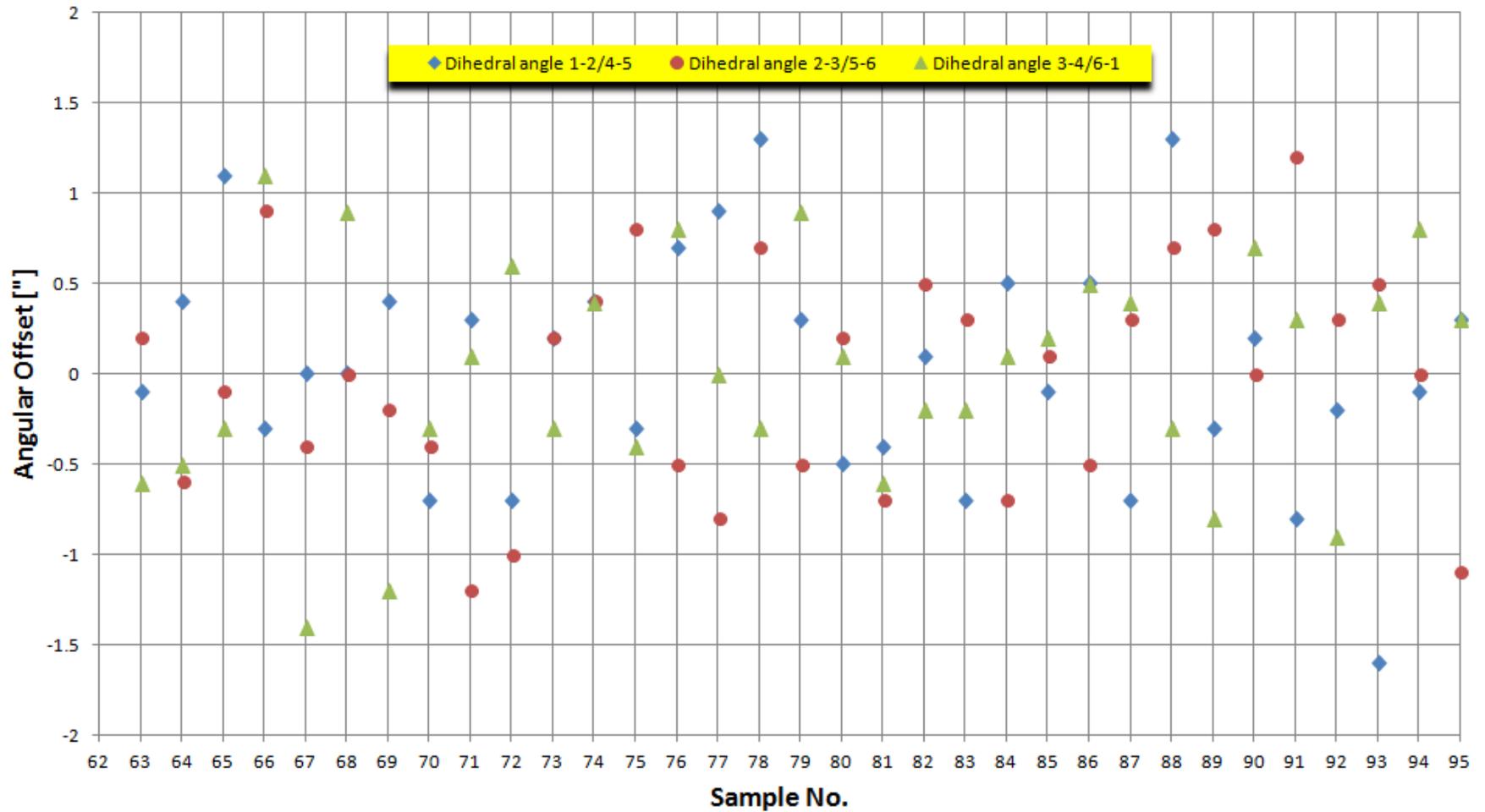
◁ **Second Pass** - Measurement beam is reflected by transmission flat, through corner cube, back into interferometer.

Single Pass

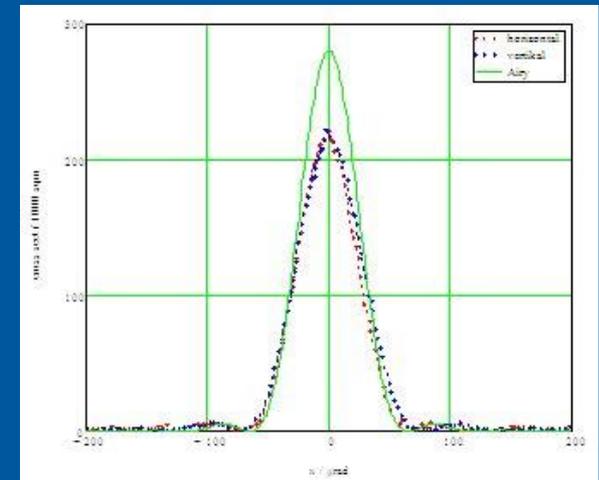
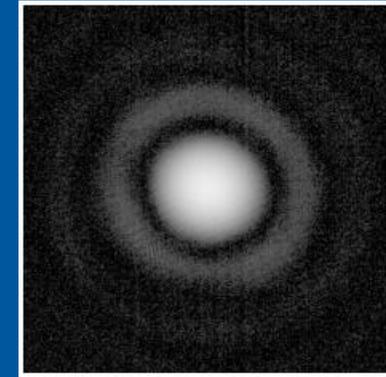
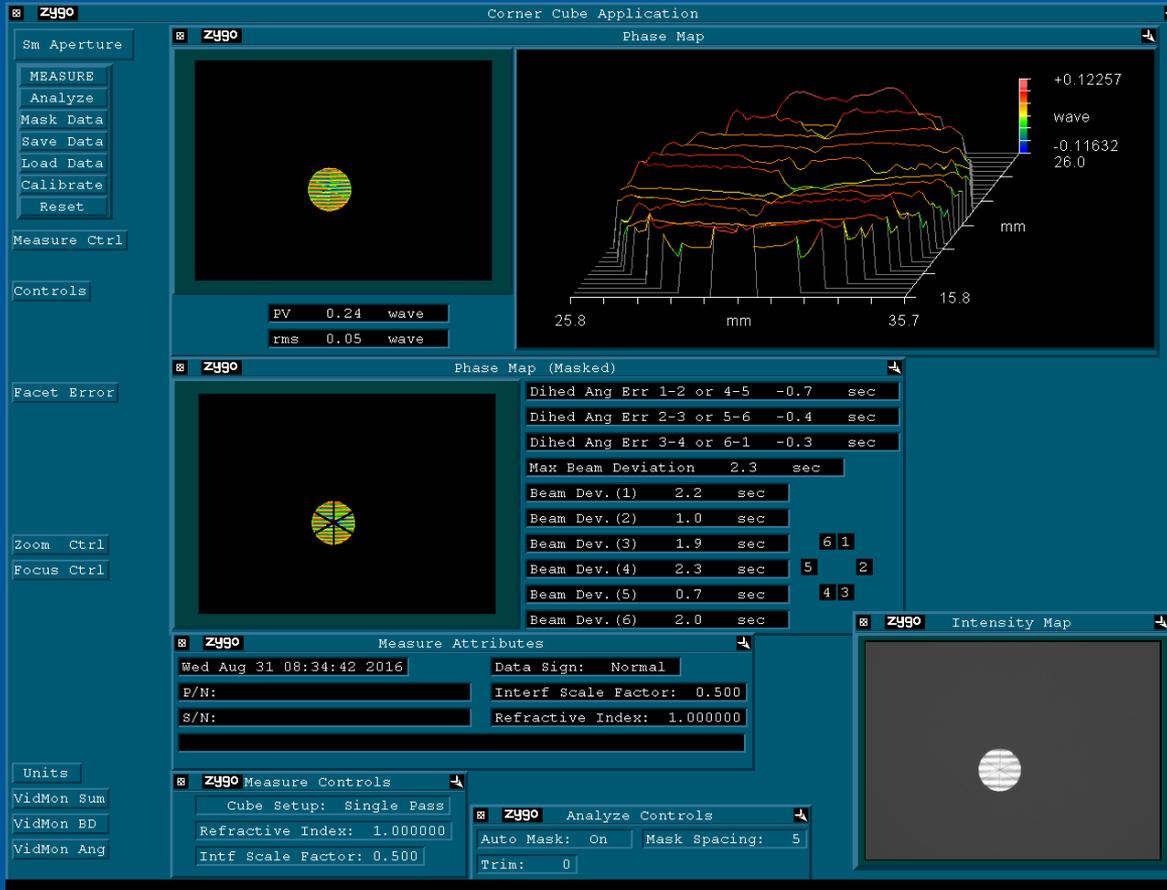


- **Double Pass:** asymmetrical wavefront errors introduced by the interferometer cancel out
- **Single Pass:** used for small cubes, asymmetrical wavefront errors do *not* cancel out!

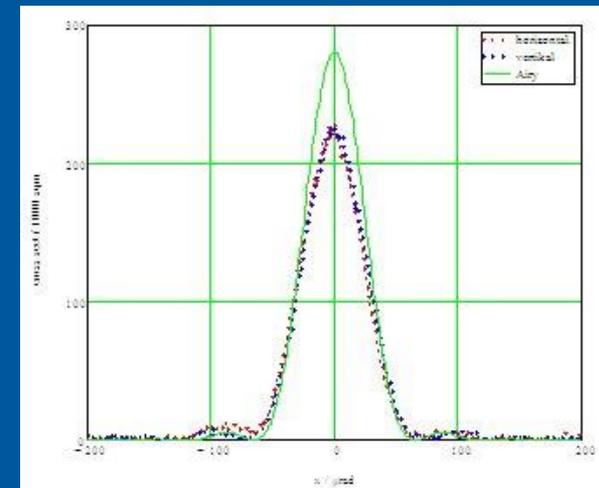
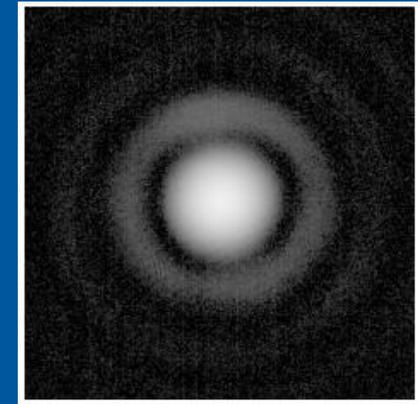
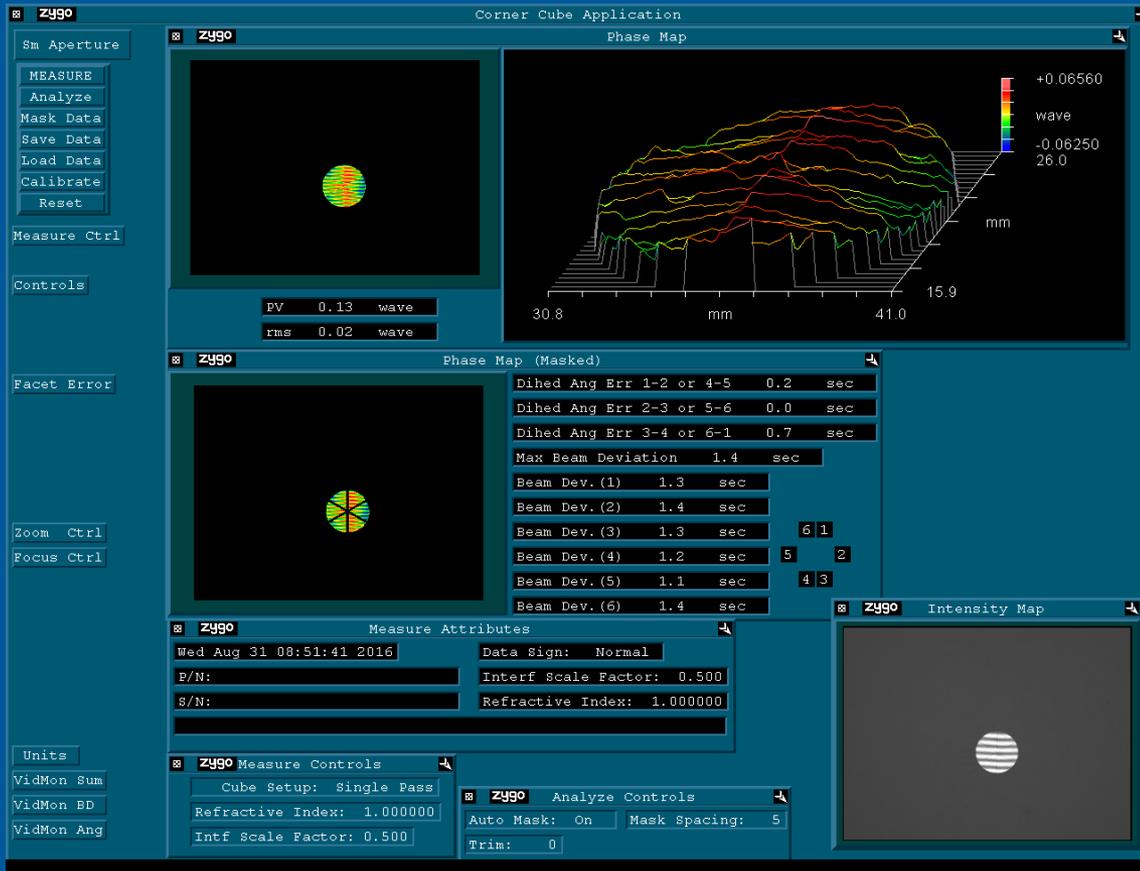
ZYGO Results for Prisms #63 - 95



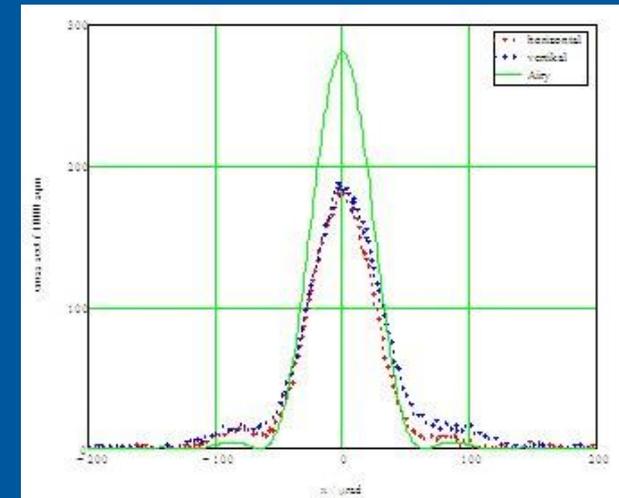
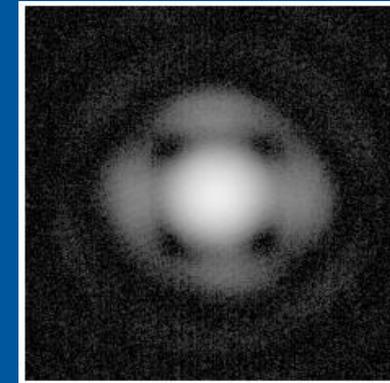
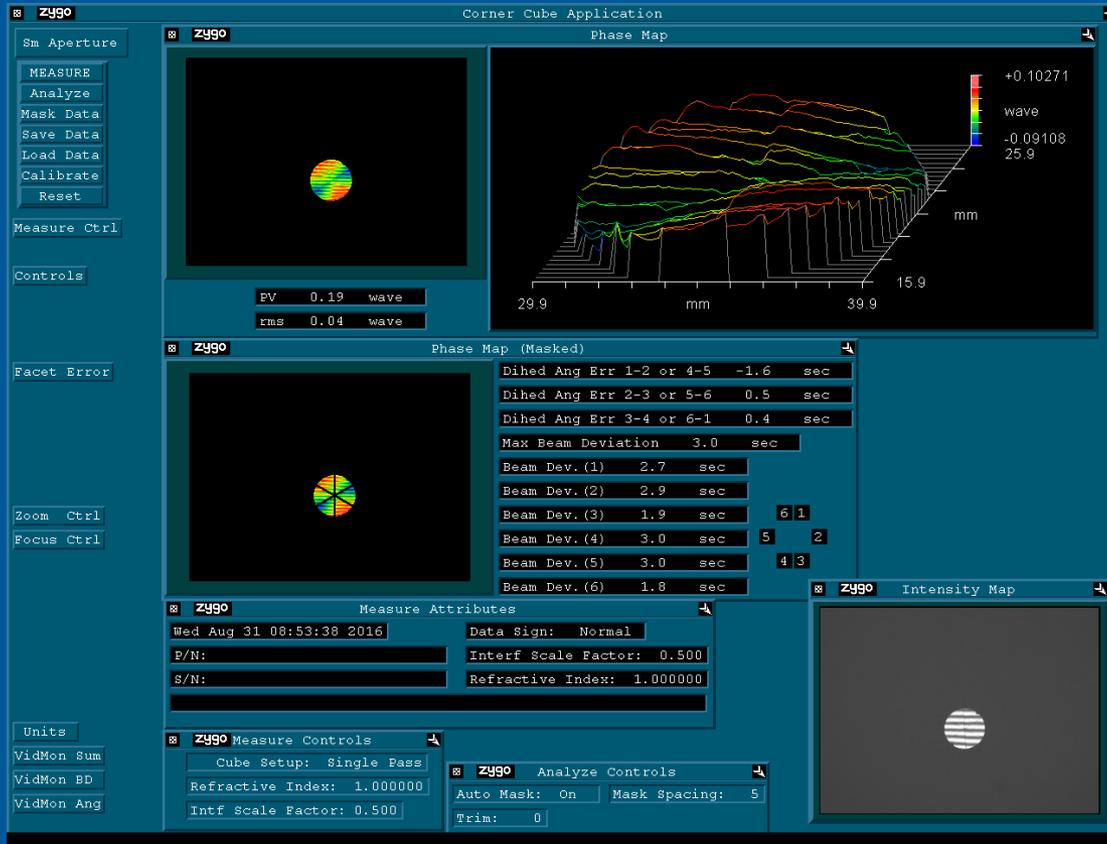
Prism #70



Prism #90



Prism #93



Conclusions

Most of the tested samples show a quite acceptable FFDP pattern with only slightly reduced cross section as compared to a reference flat.

The measured offsets of the dihedral angles are mostly below ± 1 arc second.

The use of such type of corner cubes for satellite missions can be recommended.